

Maximizing wind asset value through hybridization, EMS control, and VPP coordination

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Power Factors

Wind curtailment & market pressure in Spain



Spain's wind fleet challenges:

- Record low market prices
- Rising curtailment
- Persistent grid congestion

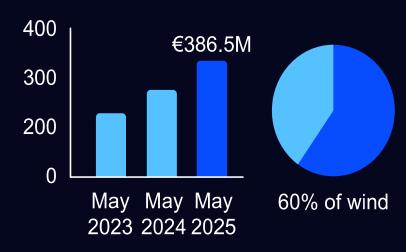
Impact:

- Revenue loss
- Reliability risks



Lowest since 2008
Negative price risk → automatic curtailment

Technical curtailment costs



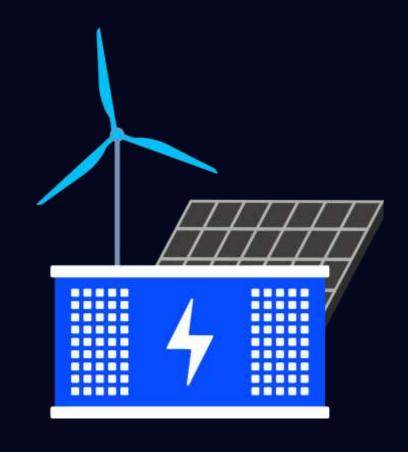
Projected curtailment: rising to ~5% by 2027 before new infrastructure reduces congestion

Hybridization – the successful way



Questions that define hybrid success:

- A. What are the market opportunities you're building on?
- B. How does the TSO / grid want to operate hybrid assets?
- C. What are the requirements for grid compliance?
- D. What technology you need?



EMS and VPP coordination: from site to fleet

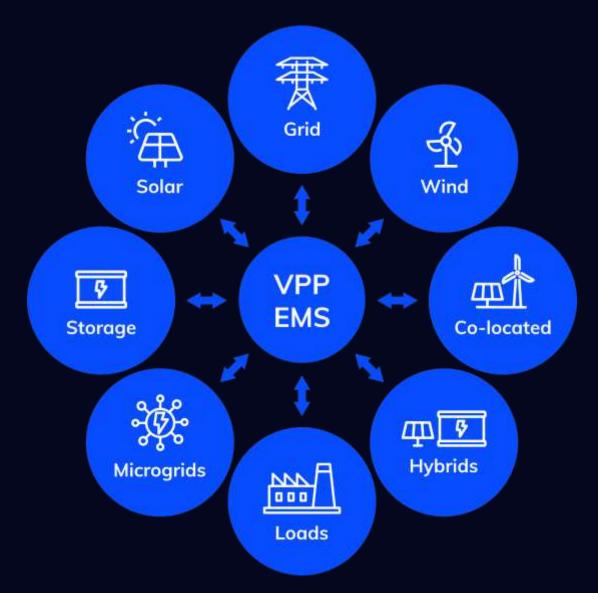


Why are VPPs important?

- Market access
- Risk mitigation
- Grid stability

Key applications of VPPs in EMS

- Grid balancing
- Energy trading / PPAs
- Peak shaving
- Renewable integration
- Microgrid management



Project Spotlight - VPP with dynamic dispatch for grid and market services in EMEA

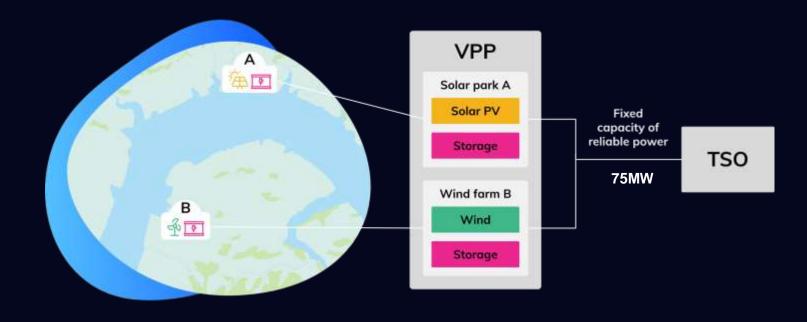


The challenge:

Integrate solar, wind, and storage into one reliable, single dispatchable virtual power plant, across two sites hundreds of km apart, each with its own POI.

The goal:

Meet PPA commitments, avoid TSO penalties, and optimize constraints in real-time to maximize revenue.



Site A

Site B

PV: 115 MWp

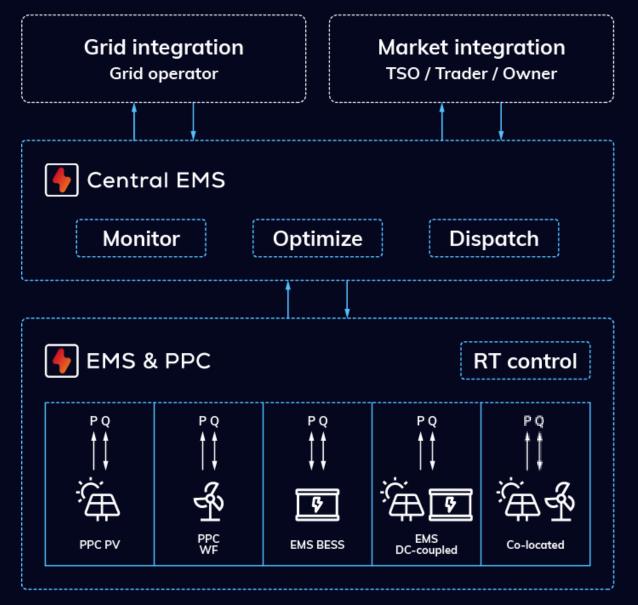
WIND: 63 MW

BESS: 30 MW x 3h

BESS: 45 MW x 3h



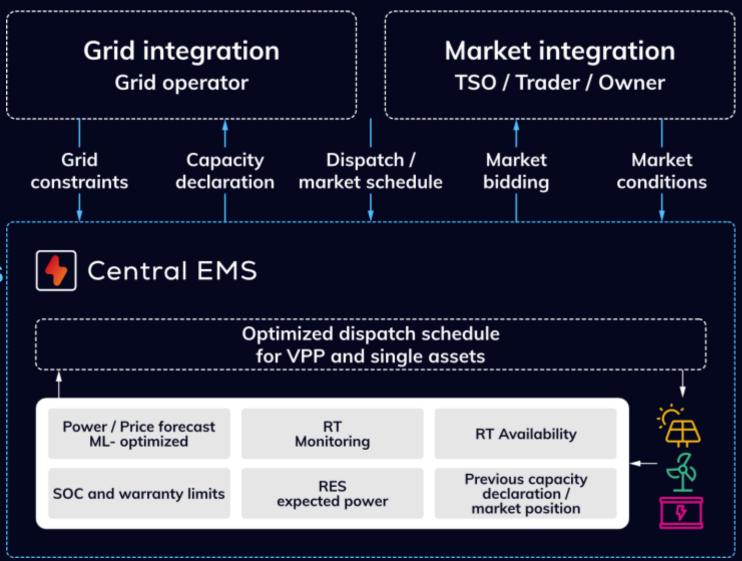






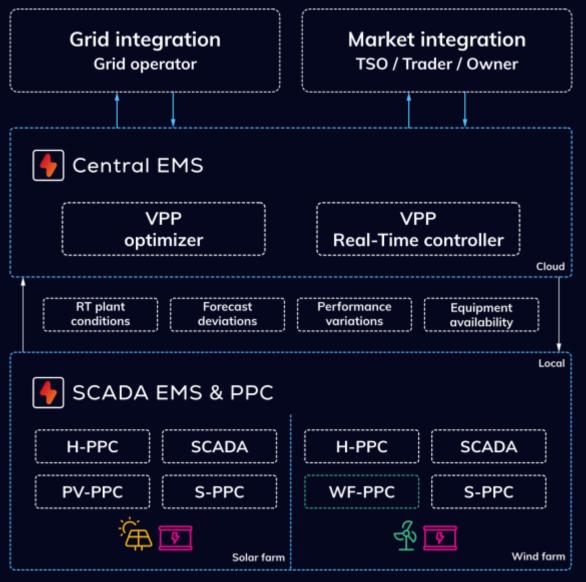
Dispatch Optimization

Maximize revenues while respecting system constraints

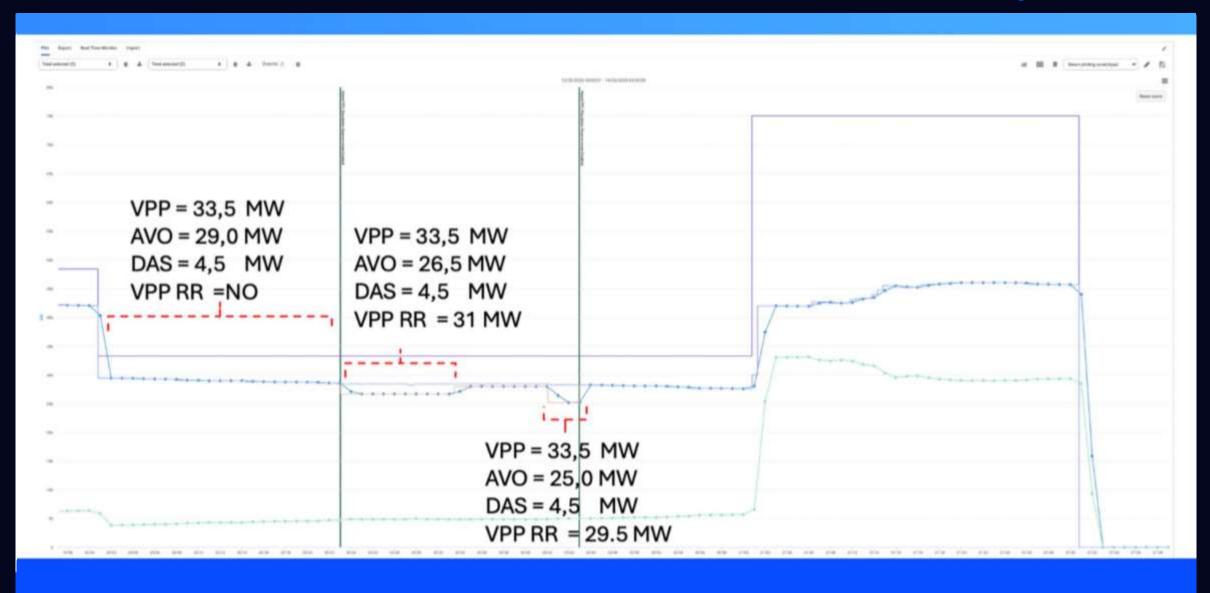




VPP control and Real Time dispatcher Critical role in ensuring real-time optimization of dispatch schedules









Projected results More stable generation

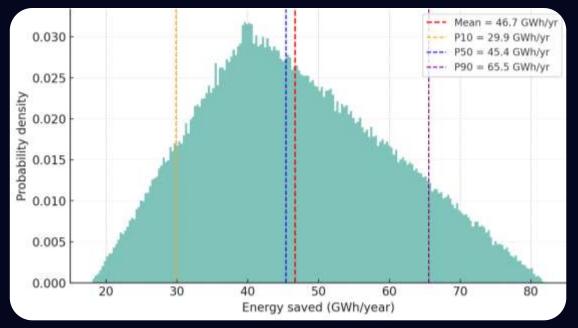
Hourly diversification—less volatile





Projected results More energy, less curtailment

The hybrid architecture saves an average of 40 GWh/year of renewable energy that would otherwise be lost*



^{*}Calculated based real site data, real weather data, PPA constraints and capacity factor of the sites.



Projected results Revenue saved on TSO penalties

~750K euros/year saved on penalties



^{*}Projected based on lab simulation, given two identical VPPs, simulating the same data and only one variable: optimizer on/off.

^{**}Penalties in the region go from 15€/MWh up to 140 €/MWh or higher, 40 €/MWh took as average.

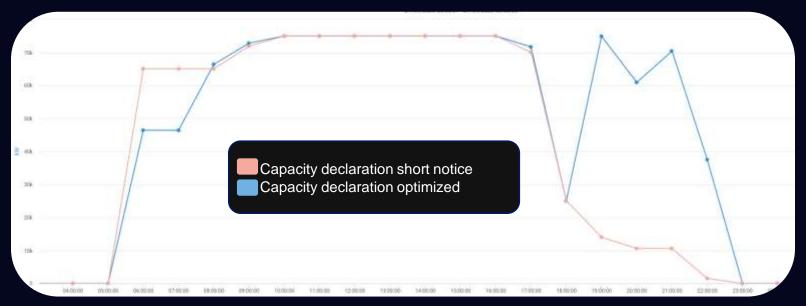
^{***}Benchmark in the country: TSO penalties around 5-10% of annual earnings



Projected results

Increased revenue though optimization

~230K euros/year generated by the optimizer



^{*}Projected based on lab simulation, given two identical VPPs, simulating the same data and only one variable: optimizer on/off

Optimizer: considering grid constraints, RT availability, RT power, ML forecast, battery SOC and capability.

^{**}Higher revenue due to accurate capacity redeclaration, prioritizing specific asset types based on configuration.



Thank you!

Questions?
Contact our sales department:

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